**Осень 2024-2025**

**Тарасенко Никита Денисович 5130904/40008**

**Базовый уровень**

Monologue on *LANGUAGE*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***You are going to give a talk about LANGUAGE.*** | The text of the monologue | Vocabulary,  Grammar Structures,  Linking Words and Phrases |
| **Step 1. Introduction**  1. Start with a hook sentence that will attract the listener’s attention (a quote, a proverb, etc.).  2. Lead your speech steadily to the main part of your talk.  3. The introduction may consist of 3-6 sentences. | “It is never too late to learn” is a proverb that reminds us of the importance of acquiring new skills, including the ability **to acquire a language**. In today’s world, being able **to speak a foreign language fluently** is more than just a skill—it’s a way **to develop relationships with people from other countries** and open up new opportunities. As a matter of fact, knowing another **language** can help you in your career and personal growth. To conclude the introduction, I will discuss why learning **foreign languages** is essential, how to improve **foreign language skills**, and what the future might hold for global communication. | **to acquire a language;**  **to speak a foreign language fluently;**  **to develop relationships with people from other countries;**  **foreign languages;**  **to improve foreign language skills;**  As a matter of fact;  To conclude the introduction; |
| **Step 2. Learning Languages**  2.1. Speak about the reasons for learning foreign languages.  2.2. What sort of people do you think make the best language learners? Which aspects of English (listening, reading, grammar, vocabulary, etc.) do you find the most difficult? | There are many reasons to learn **foreign languages**. Firstly, it enables people **to communicate in a foreign language**, which is essential for building trust. In addition, it allows individuals **to adapt to different dialects**, making travel and professional communication easier. Moreover, it provides opportunities **to improve foreign language skills** and even **to hold intelligent conversations with native speakers**. Finally, mastering a **language** can prevent people from **falling behind in their careers**.  The best learners are those who are curious, motivated, and persistent. For example, they spend time practicing and are not afraid to make mistakes. As long as they focus on consistent learning, they succeed. Many people find it challenging **to learn grammar rules** in English because of its exceptions. Additionally, understanding **informal phrases and slang** can be tricky due to cultural differences. However, regular practice and using words properly can make these challenges easier. | **to communicate in a foreign language;**  **to adapt to different dialects;**  **to improve foreign language skills;**  **to hold intelligent conversations with native speakers;**  **falling behind in their careers;**  Firstly;  In addition;  Moreover;  Finally;  **to learn grammar rules;**  **informal phrases;**  **slang;**  **using words properly;**  For example;  As long as;  However;  As long as they focus on consistent learning, they succeed;  regular practice and using words properly can make these challenges easier; |
| **Step 3. The future of English**  3.1. Speak about the benefits of knowing English in contrast with other foreign languages.  3.2. What language do you think may become a global language in future? | English is an incredibly useful **language**. It goes without saying that it is **the lingua franca of computing, technology, and science**. For instance, professionals who know English have an advantage in international business and academia. Moreover, English helps people **to build trusting relations across different societies**. Thus, learning English offers opportunities that other **languages** might not provide.  While English is dominant, other **languages** might grow in importance. For example, Mandarin Chinese could become more widely spoken as China’s economy grows. In contrast, Spanish is becoming popular in the Americas. Nevertheless, English will likely remain **prominent in international business and academia** because of its global reach. On the whole, English will stay essential for technology and science. | **the lingua franca of computing, technology, and science;**  **to build trusting relations across different societies;**  For instance;  Moreover;  Thus;  **prominent in international business and academia;**  For example;  In contrast;  Nevertheless;  On the whole; |
| **Step 4. CREATIVE THINKING**  Introduce your own extra idea(s) on the topic that hasn’t/haven’t been mentioned before. Justify your choice. | Learning a new **language** can do more than just help with communication—it can connect cultures. For the purpose of improving global understanding, people should focus on learning informal phrases, such as idioms and slang. In particular, using a word properly shows cultural respect and helps in meaningful communication. What is more, language learning allows individuals **to develop accurate pronunciation**, which is crucial for building trust in personal and professional relationships. | **to develop accurate pronunciation;**  For the purpose of;  In particular;  What is more; |
| **Step 5. Conclusion**  Summarise the ideas of steps  2, 3, 4. | To sum up, learning **foreign languages** helps people **to communicate in different cultures**, grow professionally, and build stronger connections. English remains an important **language** because of its dominance in science and technology. Nevertheless, other **languages**, such as Mandarin or Spanish, **could become more widely spoken as China’s economy grows**. If you master a new language, you are not only improving communication but also connecting the world. | **to communicate in different cultures;**  To sum up;  Nevertheless;  Mandarin or Spanish, **could become more widely spoken as China’s economy grows**;  If you master a new language, you are not only improving communication but also connecting the world; |

*Active Vocabulary: 19, Grammar Structures: 4, Linkers: 18. Total: 521 words.*